

HANDBOOK Solenoid valve for refrigerating systems And industrial purposes







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FROM QUALITY OUR NATURAL DEVELOPMENT

Achieved the goal of fifty years working in the industry of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, Castel Quality Range of Products is well known and highly appreciated all over the world. Quality is the main issue of our Company and it has a special priority, in every step, all along the production cycle. UNI EN ISO 9001:2008, issued by ICIM, certifies the Quality System of the Factory. Moreover Castel Products count a number of certifications in conformity with EEC Directives and with European and American Quality Approval. We produce on high tech machinery and updated automatic production lines, operating in conformity with the safety and environment standards currently enforced. Castel offers to the Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Market and to the Manufacturers fully tested products suitable with HCFC and HFC Refrigerants currently used in the Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Industry.





SOLENOID VALVES



External leakage

All the products illustrated in this Handbook are submitted, one by one, to tightness tests besides to functional tests. Allowable external leakage, measurable during the test, agrees to the definition given in Par. 9.4 of EN 12284 : 2003 Standard:

"During the test, no bubbles shall form over a period of at least one minute when the specimen is immersed in water with low surface tension..."

Pressure containment

All the products illustrated in this Handbook, if submitted to hydrostatic test, guarantee a pressure strength at least equal to 1,43 x PS in compliance with the Directive 97/23/EC.

All the products illustrated in this Handbook, if submitted to burst test, guarantee a pressure strength at least equal to 3 x PS according to EN 378-2 : 2008 Standard.

Weights

The weights of the items listed in this Handbook include packaging.

Guarantee

All Castel products are covered by a 12 – month's warranty. This warranty covers all products or parts thereof that turn out to be defective within the warranty period. In this case, at his own expenses, the customer shall return the defective item with a detailed description of the claimed defects. The warranty doesn't apply if the defect of Castel products are due to mistakes either by customer or by third parties such wrong installations, use contrary to Castel indications, tampering. In case of defects of its own products, Castel will only replace the defective goods and will not refund damages of any kind.

The technical data shown on this catalogue are indicative. Castel reserves the right to modify the same at any time without any previous notice.

The products listed in this handbook are protected according to the law.



NORMALLY CLOSED SOLENOID VALVES FOR REFRIGERATING SYSTEMS



APPLICATIONS

The solenoid valves, shown in this chapter, are classified "Pressure accessories" in the sense of the Pressure Equipment Directive 94/23/EC, Article 1, Section 2.1.4 and are subject of Article 3, Section 1.3 of the same Directive. They are designed for installation on commercial refrigerating systems and on civil and industrial conditioning plants, which use the following refrigerant fluids: R22, R134a, R404A, R407C, R410A, R507 proper to the Group II (as defined in Article 9, Section 2.2 of Directive 97/23/EC and referred to in Directive 67/548/ EEC). For specific applications with refrigerant fluids not listed above, always proper to the Group II, please contact Castel Technical Department.

OPERATION

The valves series 1020; 1028; 1034; 1038; 1040; 1048; 1049; 1050; 1058; 1059, 1064; 1068; 1070; 1078; 1079; 1090; 1098; 1099 are normally closed valves.

 ${\sf NC}={\sf when the coil is de-energised the plunger stops}$ the fluid flow, when the coil is electrically energised the plunger opens the valve seat connecting the inlet to the outlet.

The NC valves are supplied either without coil (S type)

or with coil (A6 type with coil HM2–220/230 VAC and A7 type with coil HM2–240 VAC).

The valves series 1020 and 1028 are **direct acting valves**. The operation depends only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil. Opening/closing of main valve seat, the only seat, is directly controlled by the mobile plunger and the valves can open with zero pressure differential.

The valves series 1064 ; 1068 ; 1070 ; 1078 (excluded /11 , /13 , /M42) ; 1079 (excluded /13 , /M42 , /17) ; 1090 ; 1098 (excluded /9) ; 1099 (excluded /11) are **diaphragm pilot operated valves**.

The operation depends not only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil but it's also necessary a minimum inlet pressure to move the diaphragm and to keep it lift off the main seat. Opening/ closing of main seat is controlled by the diaphragm while opening/closing of pilot seat is controlled by the mobile plunger. These valves cannot work with zero pressure differential.

The valves series 1034 ; 1038 ; 1040 ; 1048 ; 1049 ; 1050 ; 1058 ; 1059 ; 1078 (/11 ,/13 ,/M42) ; 1079 (/13 ,/M42 , /17) ; 1098/9 ; 1099/11 are **piston pilot operated valves**. The operation depends not only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil but it's also necessary a minimum inlet pressure to move the piston and to keep it lift off the main seat. Opening/closing of main seat is controlled by the piston while opening/closing of pilot seat is controlled by the mobile plunger. These valves cannot work with zero pressure differential.

CONSTRUCTION

The main parts of the valves are made with the following materials:

- Hot forged brass EN 12420 CW 617N for body and cover
- Copper tube EN 12735-1 Cu-DHP for solder connections
- Austenitic stainless steel EN 10088-2 1.4303 for enclosure where the plunger moves
- Ferritic stainless steel EN 10088-3 1.4105 for plunger
- Austenitic stainless steel EN ISO 3506 A2-70 for tightening screws between body and cover
- Chloroprene rubber (CR) for outlet seal gaskets
- P.T.F.E. for seat gaskets

INSTALLATION

The valves can be installed in all sections of a refrigerating system, in compliance with the limits and capacities indicated in TABLE 4. Castel recommends using piston valves in those applications with hard operating conditions (temperature/pressure), for example in hot gas line.

TABLES 1 and 2 show the following functional characteristics of a solenoid valve:

- Connections
- PS : maximum allowable pressure
- TS : maximum / minimum allowable temperature
- Kv : discharge factor
- minOPD : minimum Opening Pressure Differential. That is the minimum pressure differential between inlet and outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open and stay opened.
- MOPD : maximum Opening Pressure Differential according to ARI STANDARD 760 : 2001. That is the maximum pressure differential between inlet and outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open.

Before connecting the valve to the pipe it is advisable to make sure that the refrigerating system is clean. In fact valves with P.T.F.E. gaskets, and particularly piston valves, are sensitive to dirt and debris. Furthermore check that the flow direction in the pipe corresponds to the arrow stamped on the body of the valve. All the valves can be mounted in whatever position except with the coil pointing downwards. The brazing of valves with solder connections should be carried out with care, using a low melting point filler material. It is not necessary to disassemble the valves before brazing but it's important to avoid direct contact between the torch flame and the valve body, which could be damaged and compromise the proper functioning of the valve.

Before connecting a valve to the electrical system, be sure that the line voltage and frequency correspond to the values marked on the coil.

TABI	E 1: Gene	ral Charac	cteristics o	of NC valv	ves (no	ormall	y close	ed) wit	th SAE	Flare	conne	ections	S
					Openi	ing Pres	sure Dif	ferential	[bar]	TS	[°C]		Diale
Operating	Catalogue	SAE Flare	Seat size nominal Ø	Kv Factor			МС)PD				PS	Risk Category
Principles	Number	Connec- tions	[mm]	[m³/h]	min		Coil	type		min.	max.	[bar]	according to
			[]		OPD	HM2 CM2 (AC)	HM4 (AC)	HM3 (AC)	HM3 (DC)		max.		PED
Direct Acting	1020/2		2,5	0,175	0	21	28	35	21	-35	+110	45	Art 0.0
Direct Acting	1020/3	3/8"	3	0,23	0	21	28	35	21	-35	(2)	45	Art. 3.3
	1064/3	3/8"	0.5	0.00					10				
	1064/4	1/2"	6,5	0,80					18				
Diaphragm	1070/4	1/2"	10.5	2,20	0.05			0.5	10	0.5	+105	45	
Pilot Operated	1070/5	5/8"	12,5	2,61	0,05	21	28	35	13	-35	(1)	45	Art. 3.3
	1090/5	5/8"	10.5	3,80					10				
	1090/6	3/4"	16,5	4,80					10				
	1034/3	3/8"	0.5	1.00	0.05				10				
	1034/4	1/2"	6,5	1,00	0,05				18				
Piston	1040/4	1/2"	10.5	2,40				0.5	10	0.5	+110	45	
Pilot Operated	1040/5	5/8"	12,5	3,00	0.07	21	28	35	18	-35	(2)	45	Art. 3.3
	1050/5	5/8"	3,8	3,80	0,07					1			
	1050/6	3/4"	16,5	4,80					16				

(1) Temperature peaks of 120 $^\circ\text{C}$ are allowed during defrosting

(2) Temperature peaks of 130 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ are allowed during defrosting

Т	ABLE 2: G	eneral	Chara	cteristics	of NC va	alves	(norma	ally clo	osed) v	with O	DS co	nnecti	ons			
			ections DS			Open	ing Pres	sure Dif	ferential	[bar]	TS	[°C]				
Operating Prin-	Catalogue			Seat size	Kv Factor			MC)PD				PS	Risk Category		
ciples	Number	ø		nominal Ø	[m ³ /h]	min			type				[bar]	according		
		[in.]	Ø [mm]	[mm]		OPD	HM2 CM2 (AC)	HM4 (AC)	HM3 (AC)	HM3 (DC)	min.	max.		to PED		
	1028/2	1/4"	_	2,2	0,15											
Direct	1028/2E	1/4"	_									+110	45			
Acting	1028/3	3/8"	-	3	0,23	0	21	28	35	21	-35	(2)	45	Art. 3.3		
	1028/M10	_	10													
	1068/3	3/8"	-													
	1068/M10	_	10													
	1068/M12	_	12	6,5	0,80					18						
	1068/4	1/2"	-													
	1078/M12	_	12													
	1078/4	1/2"	-		2,20											
Diaphragm	1078/5	5/8"	16	12,5					0.5	13		+105		_		
Pilot Operated	1079/7	7/8"	22		2,61	0,05	21	28	35		-35	(1)	45	Art. 3.3		
oporatou	1098/5	5/8"	16		3,80											
	1098/6	3/4"	_		4,80											
\rightarrow	1098/7	7/8"	22	16,5						10						
	1099/9	1.1/8"	_		5,70											
	1078/9	1.1/8"	-													
	1079/11	1.3/8"	35	25,5	10					13						
	1038/3	3/8"	_													
	1038/M10	_	10		1.00	0.05										
	1038/M12	_	12	6,5	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,05				18				
	1038/4	1/2"	_													
	1048/M12	_	12		0.40											
	1048/4	1/2"	-	10.5	2,40											
	1048/5	5/8"	16	12,5						18						
	1049/7	7/8"	22		3,00	0.07										
	1058/5	5/8"	16		3,80	0,07								Art. 3.3		
Piston	1058/6	3/4"	-	105	4,80				0.5	10	0.5	+110	45			
Pilot Operated	1058/7	7/8"	22	16,5	F 70		21	28	35	16	-35	(2)	45			
	1059/9	1.1/8"	-		5,70											
	1098/9	1.1/8"	_	05	10						1					
	1099/11	1.3/8"	35	25	10											
	1078/11	1.3/8"	35			0,1										
	1079/13	1.5/8"	-	27	16					10						
	1079/M42	-	42							18						
	1078/13	1.5/8"	-													
	1078/M42	-	42	34	34 25 0,1	0,15								1		
	1079/17	2.1/8"	54													

(1) Temperature peaks of 120 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ are allowed during defrosting (2) Temperature peaks of 130 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ are allowed during defrosting

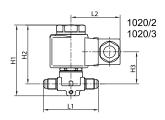


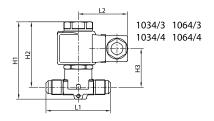
	TABLE 3: Dime	nsions and	Weights o	of NC valve	s with 910	0 coils (1)		
On creating principles	Ostala sua Nueshar			Dimensi	ons [mm]			Weight
Operating Principles	Catalogue Number	H ₁	H ₂	H ₃	L ₁	L ₂	Q	[g]
	1020/2				58			340
	1020/3				65			355
Direct	1028/2	75	62,5	34	125	50		350
Acting	1028/2E	75	0Z,3	34	125	00	_	350
	1028/3				125			365
	1028/M10				125			365
	1064/3				68			400
	1064/4				72			415
	1068/3	82	60 F	40	111			400
	1068/M10	02	69,5	40	111		_	395
	1068/M12				127			420
	1068/4				127			420
	1070/4				100			710
	1070/5				106			755
	1078/M12	04	75	47	127		45	690
Diaphragm	1078/4	91	75	47	127	50	45	680
Pilot	1078/5				175	50		775
Operated	1079/7				190	-		765
	1090/5				120			1035
	1090/6				124			1365
	1098/5				175			995
	1098/6	106	78	50	175	-	57	1185
	1098/7				180			1170
	1099/9				216			1225
	1078/9				250			2565
	1079/11	115	96	72	292		80	2620
	1034/3				68			440
	1034/4				72			457
	1038/3				111	-		440
	1038/M10	92,5	80	50,5	111		-	435
	1038/M12				127			462
	1038/4				127			462
	1040/4				100			781
	1040/5				106			831
	1048/M12				127			759
	1048/4	100,5	84,5	56,5	127		45	748
	1048/5				175			853
	1049/7				190			842
Piston	1050/5				120			1157
Pilot	1050/6				120	50		1487
Operated	1058/5				175			1117
	1058/6	121	93	65	175		57	1307
	1058/7				180			1292
-	1059/9				216			1347
	1039/9				235			2050
	1099/11	157	127	99	233		60	2030
	1078/11				<u> </u>			2710
	1079/13	175	141	113	278		68	2750
	1079/M42	TI J	141	113	210		00	2750
	1079/113					1		3810
	1078/M42	190	153	125	280		88	3810
	1079/17	190	100	120	200		00	
	10/9/1/							3880

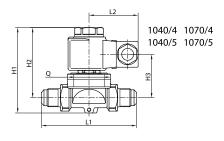
(1) : With coil 9120 the dimension $\rm L_{2}$ is equal to 64 mm and theweights must be increased of 305 g.

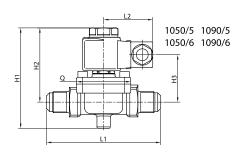
Connectors are not included in the boxes and have to be ordered separately

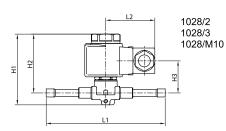


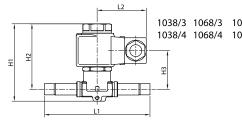












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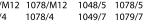
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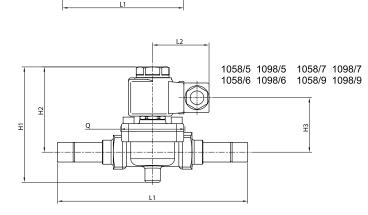
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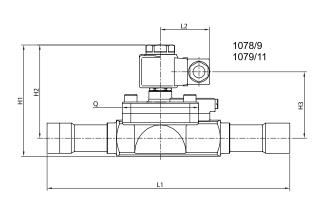
1038/3 1068/3 1038/M10 1068/M10 1038/4 1068/4 1038/M12 1068/M12

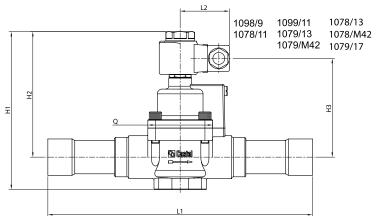


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SCastel

				TA	BLE 4	: Refr	rigera	int Flo	w Ca	pacity	y of N	C val	ves [k	(W]					
Operat- ing Prin-	Catalogue			Liqui	d line					Suctio	on line			Hot Gas line					
ciples	Number	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507
	1020/2	2,98	3,20	2,08	3,02	3,00	2,01	-						1,49	1,89	1,68	2,03	2,38	1,67
Direct	1020/3 1028/2	3,91 2,55	4,21 2,75	2,74	3,96 2,58	3,95 2,58	2,65 1,73							1,96 1,28	2,48 1,62	2,21	2,67 1,74	3,13 2,04	2,19 1,43
	1028/2E	2,00	2,15	1,75	2,30	2,30	1,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,20	1,02	1,44	1,74	2,04	1,43
rioung	1028/3	3,91	4,21	2,74	3,96	3,95	2,65							1,96	2,48	2,21	2,67	3,13	2,19
	1028/M10	-,	.,		-,	-,	_,							.,	_,				_,
	1064/3																		
	1064/4																		
	1068/3	13,6	14.6	9,5	13,8	13,7	9,2	1 5 1	2,04	1 70	1 02	2,40	1,78	6,8	8,6	77	9,3	10,9	7,6
	1068/M10	13,0	14,0	9,5	13,8	13,7	9,2	1,51	2,04	1,78	1,82	2,40	1,78	0,0	8,0	7,7	9,3	10,9	7,0
	1068/M12																		
	1068/4																		
	1070/4	37,4	40,3	26,2	37,9	37,8	25,3	4,16	5,61	4,91	4,99	6,60	4,91	18,7	23,8	21,1	25,6	29,9	21,0
	1070/5	44,4	47,8	31,1	45,0	44,8	30,0	4,93	6,66	5,82	5,92	7,83	5,82	22,2	28,2	25,1	30,3	35,5	24,9
Diu	1078/M12 1078/4	37,4	40,3	26,2	37,9	37,8	25,3	4,16	5,61	4,91	4,99	6,60	4,91	18,7	23,8	21,1	25,6	29,9	21,0
Pilot Operated	1078/5 1079/7	44,4	47,8	31,1	45,0	44,8	30,0	4,93	6,66	5,82	5,92	7,83	5,82	22,2	28,2	25,1	30,3	35,5	24,9
	1090/5	37,4	40,3	26,2	37,9	37,8	25,3	4,16	5,61	4,91	4,99	6.60	4,91	18,7	23,8	21,1	25,6	29,9	21,0
	1090/6	44,4	47,8	31,1	45,0	44,8	30,0	4,93	6,66	5,82	5,92	7,83	5,82	22,2	28,2	25,1	30,3	35,5	24,9
	1098/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
	1098/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1098/7					07.0				107				40.5					
	1099/9 1078/9	96,9	104,3	67,8	98,2	97,9	65,6	10,8	14,5	12,7	12,9	17,1	12,7	48,5	61,6	54,7	66,2	77,5	54,4
	1079/11	170,0	183,0	119,0	172,3	171,7	115,0	18,9	25,5	22,3	22,7	30,0	22,3	85,0	108,0	96,0	116,2	136,0	95,4
	1034/3 1034/4																		
	1038/3	170	10.0	110	17.0	17.0	44 5	1 00	0.55	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.5	10.0	0.0	110	10.0	0.5
	1038/M10	17,0	18,3	11,9	17,2	17,2	11,5	1,89	2,55	2,23	2,27	3,00	2,23	8,5	10,8	9,6	11,6	13,6	9,5
	1038/M12																		
	1038/4																		
	1040/4	40,8	43,9	28,6	41,4	41,2	27,6	4,54	6,12	5,35	5,45	7,20	5,35	20,4	25,9	23,0	27,9	32,6	22,9
	1040/5	51,0	54,9	35,7	51,7	51,5	34,5	5,67	7,65	6,69	6,81	9,00	6,69	25,5	32,4	28,8	34,9	40,8	28,6
	1048/M12 1048/4	40,8	43,9	28,6	41,4	41,2	27,6	4,54	6,12	5,35	5,45	7,20	5,35	20,4	25,9	23,0	27,9	32,6	22,9
	1048/5 1049/7	51,0	54,9	35,7	51,7	51,5	34,5	5,67	7,65	6,69	6,81	9,00	6,69	25,5	32,4	28,8	34,9	40,8	28,6
Piston	1050/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
Pilot	1050/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
Operated	1058/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
	1058/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1058/7 1059/9	96,9	104,3	67,8	98,2	97,9	65,6	10,8	14,5	12,7	12,9	17,1	12,7	48,5	61,6	54,7	66,2	77,5	54,4
	1098/9 1099/11	170,0	183,0	119,0	172,3	171,7	115,0	18,9	25,5	22,3	22,7	30,0	22,3	85,0	108,0	96,0	116,2	136,0	95,4
	1078/11																		
	1079/13 1079/M42	272,0	292,8	190,4	275,7	274,7	184,0	30,2	40,8	35,7	36,3	48,0	35,7	136,0	172,8	153,6	185,9	217,6	152,6
	1078/13 1078/M42 1079/17	425,0	457,5	297,5	430,8	429,3	287,5	47,3	63,8	55,8	56,8	75,0	55,8	212,5	270,0	240,0	290,5	340,0	238,5

Standard rating conditions according to AHRI Standard 760-2007

Evaporating temperature40 °F(4,4 °C)Suction temperature65 °F(18,3 °C)Superheating25 °R(13,9 °K)Discharge temperature160 °F(71,1 °C)



NORMALLY OPEN SOLENOID VALVES FOR REFRIGERATING SYSTEMS



APPLICATIONS

The solenoid valves, shown in this chapter, are classified "Pressure accessories" in the sense of the Pressure Equipment Directive 94/23/EC, Article 1, Section 2.1.4 and are subject of Article 3, Section 1.3 of the same Directive. They are designed for installation on commercial refrigerating systems and on civil and industrial conditioning plants, which use the following refrigerant fluids: R22, R134a, R404A, R407C, R410A, R507 proper to the Group II (as defined in Article 9, Section 2.2 of Directive 97/23/EC and referred to in Directive 67/548/ EEC). For specific applications with refrigerant fluids not listed above, always proper to the Group II, please contact Castel Technical Department.

OPERATION

The valves series 1134; 1138; 1140; 1148; 1150; 1158; 1164; 1168; 1170; 1178; 1190; 1198 are normally open valves.

NO = when the coil is de-energised the plunger opens the

valve seat connecting the inlet to the outlet, when the coil is electrically energised the plunger stops the fluid flow. The NO valves are supplied only without coil (S type). N.B.: the NO valve visually differs from the corresponding NC model by means of the red ring installed below the yellow nut that fastens the coil.

The valves series 1164; 1168; 1170; 1178 (excluded /11 , /13 , /M42); 1190; 1198 (excluded /9) are **diaphragm pilot operated valves**.

The operation depends not only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil but it's also necessary a minimum inlet pressure to move the diaphragm and to keep it lift off the main seat. Opening/ closing of main seat is controlled by the diaphragm while opening/closing of pilot seat is controlled by the mobile plunger. These valves cannot work with zero pressure differential.

The valves series 1134; 1138; 1140; 1148; 1150; 1158; 1178 (/11 , /13 , /M42); 1198/9 are **piston pilot operated valves**.

The operation depends not only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil but it's also necessary a minimum inlet pressure to move the piston and to keep it lift off the main seat. Opening/closing of main seat is controlled by the piston while opening/closing of pilot seat is controlled by the mobile plunger. These valves cannot work with zero pressure differential.

CONSTRUCTION

The main parts of the valves are made with the following materials:

- Hot forged brass EN 12420 CW 617N for body and cover
- Copper tube EN 12735-1 Cu-DHP for solder connections
- Austenitic stainless steel EN 10088-2 1.4303 for enclosure where the plunger moves
- Ferritic stainless steel EN 10088-3 1.4105 for plunger
- Austenitic stainless steel EN ISO 3506 A2-70 for tightening screws between body and cover
- Chloroprene rubber (CR) for outlet seal gaskets
- P.T.F.E. for seat gaskets

INSTALLATION

The valves can be installed in all sections of a refrigerating system, in compliance with the limits and capacities indicated in TABLE 8. Castel recommends using piston valves in those applications with hard operating conditions (temperature/pressure), for example in hot gas line.

TABLES 5 and 6 show the following functional characteristics of a solenoid valve:

- Connections
- PS : maximum allowable pressure
- TS : maximum / minimum allowable temperature
- Kv : discharge factor
- minOPD : minimum Opening Pressure Differential. That is the minimum pressure differential between inlet and outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open and stay opened.
- MOPD : maximum Opening Pressure Differential according to ARI STANDARD 760 : 2001. That is the maximum pressure differential between inlet and outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open.

Before connecting the valve to the pipe it is advisable to make sure that the refrigerating system is clean. In fact valves with P.T.F.E. gaskets, and particularly piston valves, are sensitive to dirt and debris. Furthermore check that the flow direction in the pipe corresponds to the arrow stamped on the body of the valve. All the valves can be mounted in whatever position except with the coil pointing downwards. The brazing of valves with solder connections should be carried out with care, using a low melting point filler material. It is not necessary to disassemble the valves before brazing but it's important to avoid direct contact between the torch flame and the valve body, which could be damaged and compromise the proper functioning of the valve.

Before connecting a valve to the electrical system, be sure that the line voltage and frequency correspond to the values marked on the coil.

N.B.

The NO valves have been designed to work only with direct current coils; then they can be used solely with coils 9120/RD1 (HM3 type – 12 VDC), 9120/RD2 (HM3 type – 24 VDC), 9120/RD4 (HM3 type – 48 VDC). To use them in applications with 220/230 VAC supply it's necessary to mate the NO valve with the following components:

Coil 9120/RD6 (HM3 type – 220 VRAC) + Connector/ Rectifier 9150/R45 or 9150/R90.

<u>NO solenoid valves are not be able to work with alternate current coils type HM2, CM2, HM4.</u>

TA	BLE 5: Gene	ral Chara	cteristics of	NO valve	s (normally o	open) with SA	AE Flar	e conn	ections	;
Operating	Catalogue	SAE Flare Connec-	Seat size nominal Ø	Kv Factor		Pressure tial [bar]	TS	[°C]	PS	Risk Category
Principles	Number	tions	[mm]	[m³/h]	min OPD	MOPD	min.	max.	[bar]	according to PED
	1164/3	3/8"	6,5	6,5						
Diaphragm	1170/4	1/2"	10 5	10.5		21				
Pilot	1170/5	5/8"	12,5	12,5	0,05		- 35	+105 (1)	45	Art. 3.3
Operated	1190/5	5/8"	10.5	10.5		10		(1)		
	1190/6	3/4"	16,5	16,5		19				
	1134/3	3/8"	6,5	1,00	0,05					
Piston	1140/4	1/2"	10.5	2,40		21				
Pilot	1140/5	5/8"	12,5	3,00	0.07		- 35	+110 (2)	45	Art. 3.3
Operated	1150/5	5/8"	10.5	3,80	0,07	10		(-)		
	1150/6	3/4"	16,5	4,80		19				

(1) Temperature peaks of 120 °C are allowed during defrosting (2) Temperature peaks of 130 °C are allowed during defrosting

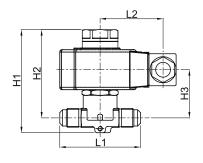
	TABLE 6: Ge	neral C	haract	eristics of I	VO valves	(normally o	open) with (DDS co	nnectio	ons	
Operating	Catalogue		ections DS	Seat size nominal Ø	Kv Factor		Pressure tial [bar]	TS	[°C]	PS	Risk Category
Principles	Number	Ø [in.]	Ø [mm]	[mm]	[m³/h]	min OPD	MOPD	min.	max.	[bar]	according to PED
	1168/3	3/8"	_	C F	0.90						
	1168/M10	-	10	6,5	0,80						
	1178/M12	-	12		2,20		21				
Diaphragm	1178/4	1/2"	-	12,5	2,20				, 105		
Pilot	1178/5	5/8"	16	2,61 0,05			- 35	+105 (1)	45	Art. 3.3	
Operated	1198/5	5/8"	16		3,80				(.,		
	1198/6	3/4"	-	16,5	4,80		19				
	1198/7	7/8"	22		5,70		19				
	1178/9	1.1/8"	-	25,5	10						
	1138/3	3/8"	_	6,5	1,00	0,05					
	1138/M10	-	10	0,5	1,00	0,05					
	1148/M12	_	12		2,40		21				
	1148/4	1/2"	_	12,5	2,40						
	1148/5	5/8"	16		3,00	0,07					Art. 3.3
Piston Pilot	1158/5	5/8"	16		3,80	0,07		- 35	+110	45	AIL 3.5
Operated	1158/6	3/4"	-	16,5	4,80			- 33	(2)	43	
	1158/7	7/8"	22		5,70						
	1198/9	1.1/8"	-	25	10	0,1	19				
	1178/11	1.3/8"	35	27	16	0,1					
	1178/13	1.5/8"	-	34	25	0,15					1
	1178/M42	-	42	J4	25	0,15					

(1) Temperature peaks of 120 $^\circ\rm C$ are allowed during defrosting (2) Temperature peaks of 130 $^\circ\rm C$ are allowed during defrosting

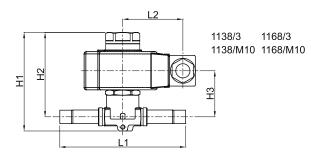
	TABLE 7	: Dimensic	ons and We	ights of N	0 valves wi	ith 9120 c	oils	
Operating	Catalogue Number			Dimensi	ons [mm]			Weight
Principles		H ₁	H ₂	H ₃	L,	L ₂	Q	[9]
	1164/3				68			705
	1168/3	87	74,5	40	111		_	705
	1168/M10				111			700
	1170/4				100			1015
	1170/5				106			1060
	1178/M12	96	80	47	127		45	995
Diaphragm Pilot	1178/4				127			985
Operated	1178/5				175	50		1080
	1190/5				120			1340
	1190/6				124			1670
	1198/5	111	83	50	175		57	1300
	1198/6				175			1490
	1198/7				180			1475
	1178/9	120	101	72	250		80	2870
	1134/3				68			775
	1138/3	97,5	85	50,5	111		-	775
	1138/M11				111			770
	1140/4				100			1117
	1140/5				106			1166
	1148/M12	105,5	89,5	56,5	127		45	1095
	1148/4				127			1084
Piston	1148/5				175			1188
Pilot	1150/5				120	50		1462
Operated	1150/6				124			1792
	1158/5	126	98	70	175		57	1422
-	1158/6				175			1612
	1158/7				180			1597
	1198/9	162	132	99	235		60	2355
	1178/11	180	146	113	278		68	3015
	1178/13	105	150	120	200		00	3820
	1178/M42	195	158	130	280		88	3820

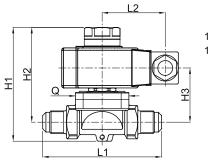
Connectors are not included in the boxes and have to be ordered separately



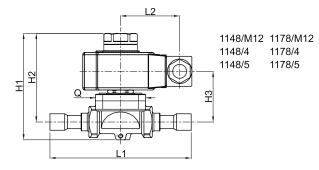


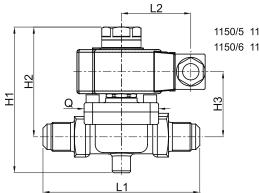
1134/3 1164/3

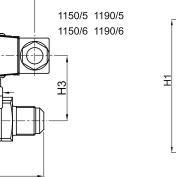


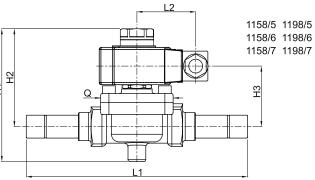


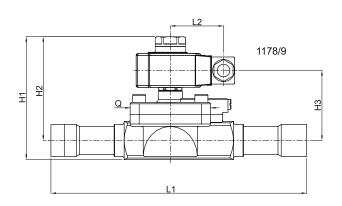
1140/4 1170/4 1140/5 1170/5

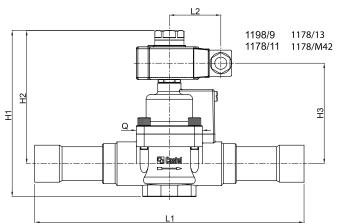












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	TABELLA 8:								igorif	ere v	alvole	NA [<w]< th=""><th colspan="6"></th></w]<>						
Operat- ing Prin-	Catalogue			Liqui	d line					Suctio	on line					Hot Ga	as line		
ciples	Number	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507	R134a	R22	R404A	R407C	R410A	R507
	1164/3																		
	1168/3	13,6	14,6	9,5	13,8	13,7	9,2	1,51	2,04	1,78	1,82	2,40	1,78	6,8	8,6	7,7	9,3	10,9	7,6
	1168/M10																		
	1170/4	37,4	40,3	26,2	37,9	37,8	25,3	4,16	5,61	4,91	4,99	6,60	4,91	18,7	23,8	21,1	25,6	29,9	21,0
	1170/5	44,4	47,8	31,1	45,0	44,8	30,0	4,93	6,66	5,82	5,92	7,83	5,82	22,2	28,2	25,1	30,3	35,5	24,9
Dia- phragm	1178/M12 1178/4	37,4	40,3	26,2	37,9	37,8	25,3	4,16	5,61	4,91	4,99	6,60	4,91	18,7	23,8	21,1	25,6	29,9	21,0
Pilot	1178/5	44,4	47,8	31,1	45,0	44,8	30,0	4,93	6,66	5,82	5,92	7,83	5,82	22,2	28,2	25,1	30,3	35,5	24,9
Operated	1190/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
	1190/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1198/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
	1198/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1198/7	96,9	104,3	67,8	98,2	97,9	65,6	10,8	14,5	12,7	12,9	17,1	12,7	48,5	61,6	54,7	66,2	77,5	54,4
	1178/9	170,0	183,0	119,0	172,3	171,7	115,0	18,9	25,5	22,3	22,7	30,0	22,3	85,0	108,0	96,0	116,2	136,0	95,4
	1134/3																		
	1138/3	17,0	18,3	11,9	17,2	17,2	11,5	1,89	2,55	2,23	2,27	3,00	2,23	8,5	10,8	9,6	11,6	13,6	9,5
	1138/M10																		
	1140/4	40,8	43,9	28,6	41,4	41,2	27,6	4,54	6,12	5,35	5,45	7,20	5,35	20,4	25,9	23,0	27,9	32,6	22,9
	1140/5	51,0	54,9	35,7	51,7	51,5	34,5	5,67	7,65	6,69	6,81	9,00	6,69	25,5	32,4	28,8	34,9	40,8	28,6
	1148/M12 1148/4	40,8	43,9	28,6	41,4	41,2	27,6	4,54	6,12	5,35	5,45	7,20	5,35	20,4	25,9	23,0	27,9	32,6	22,9
Piston	1148/5	51,0	54,9	35,7	51,7	51,5	34,5	5,67	7,65	6,69	6,81	9,00	6,69	25,5	32,4	28,8	34,9	40,8	28,6
Pilot	1150/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
Operated	1150/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1158/5	64,6	69,5	45,2	65,5	65,2	43,7	7,2	9,7	8,5	8,6	11,4	8,5	32,3	41,0	36,5	44,2	51,7	36,3
	1158/6	81,6	87,8	57,1	82,7	82,4	55,2	9,1	12,2	10,7	10,9	14,4	10,7	40,8	51,8	46,1	55,8	65,3	45,8
	1158/7	96,9	104,3	67,8	98,2	97,9	65,6	10,8	14,5	12,7	12,9	17,1	12,7	48,5	61,6	54,7	66,2	77,5	54,4
	1198/9	170,0	183,0	119,0	172,3	171,7	115,0	18,9	25,5	22,3	22,7	30,0	22,3	85,0	108,0	96,0	116,2	136,0	95,4
	1178/11	272,0	292,8	190,4	275,7	274,7	184,0	30,2	40,8	35,7	36,3	48,0	35,7	136,0	172,8	153,6	185,9	217,6	152,6
	1178/13 1178/M42	425,0	457,5	297,5	430,8	429,3	287,5	47,3	63,8	55,8	56,8	75,0	55,8	212,5	270,0	240,0	290,5	340,0	238,5

Standard rating conditions accord	ng to AHRI S	tandard 760-2007	Evaporating temperature	40 °F	(4,4 °C)
			Suction temperature	65 °F	(18,3 °C)
Condensing temperature	110 °F	(43,3 °C)	Superheating	25 °R	(13,9 °K)
Liquid temperature	100 °F	(37,8 °C)			
Subcooling	10 °R	(5,5 °K)	Discharge temperature	160 °F	(71,1 °C)







APPLICATION

For the normally closed solenoid valves Castel puts the following types of coils at disposal of its own customers:

- coils series HM2, only for A.C. (catalogue numbers 9100)
- coils series CM2, only for A.C. (catalogue number 9110)
- coils series HM3, either for A.C. or for D.C. (catalogue number 9120)
- coils series HM4, only for A.C. (catalogue number 9160)
- coils series HM6, either for A.C. or for D.C. (catalogue number 9220)

N.B.

For normally open solenoid valves, always shown in this Handbook, the customer's selection must compulsorily apply to the coils series HM3 - D.C. For applications of the NO solenoid valves with a voltage supply of 220 V AC, Castel has designed a specific coil at 220 V RAC (code 9120/RD6) that must be used solely with the 220 VAC connector/rectifier circuit (codes 9150/R45 or 9150/R90).

N.B.

For industrial purpose solenoid valves series 1133, the customer's selection must compulsorily apply to the coils series HM6. Coils series HM6 <u>cannot be used</u> with all the other solenoid valves shown on this handbook.

CONSTRUCTION

Coils HM2 (9100) are class H , whereas coils CM2 , HM3 , HM4 and HM6 are class F , in compliance with IEC 85 standard and their construction is in compliance with EN 60730-1 and EN 60730-2-8 standards. The windings are made with copper wire, insulation class H 180 °C, in compliance with IEC 85 standard. The outer casing is provided with dielectric and waterproof resins that assure a reinforced insulation making the coils suitable for all assemblies.

Protection against electric contacts is class I for all the coils. Therefore, for safety purposes, coils must be effectively connected to a ground system. Rubber gaskets on the upper and lower ends of coil ensure moisture protection of winding.

Coils HM2, HM3 and HM6 may be joined to all connectors produced by Castel except type 9155/R01; protection degree guaranteed by this system, coil (HM2, HM3, HM6) + connector, is IP65 according to EN 60529.

Coils HM4 must be preferably used with connector type 9155/R01; protection degree guaranteed by this other system, coil HM4 + connector 9155/R01, is IP65/IP68 according to EN 60529. Coils HM4 can be used with connectors series 9150 and 9900 too; protection degree guaranteed by this system is IP65.

Either the terminals of coils series HM2, HM3 and HM6 or the ones of coils series HM4 consist of two line terminals plus one ground terminal. Coil type CM2 has a preassembled cable (length 1 meter).

The coils are designed for continuous use. The solid construction of these coils is suitable for heavy-duty applications in refrigerant systems. The maximum ambient temperature for all coils is 50 °C.

ELECTRIC TYPE APPROVAL

Coils series 9100 , 220/230 V AC and 240 V AC supply, are approved by the German registration body VDE.

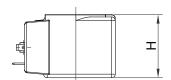
Coils series 9100 , 9110 , 9160 and 9220, 110 V AC , 220/230 V AC and 240 V AC supply, and coils series 9120 , 220/230 V AC supply, are manufactured according to Low Voltage (LV) Directive 2006/95/EC. Coils series 9100 , 9110 , 9120 , 9160 and 9220 are manufactured according to Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2004/108/EC.

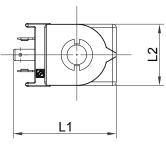
		TABLE 9: 0	General Characte	eristics of coils			
Coil Type	Catalogue Number	Voltage [V]	Voltage Tolerance [%]	Frequency [Hz]	Connections	Protection Degree	
	9100/RA2	24 A.C.	+10/-10				
	9100/RA4	110 A.C.	+107-10			IP65	
HM2	9100/RA6	220/230 A.C.	+6 / -10	50 / 60	Junction box DIN 43650	EN 60529	
	9100/RA7	240 A.C.	.10/10			(with junction box)	
	9100/RA8	380 A.C.	+10/-10				
	9110/RA2	24 A.C.	. 10 / 10				
0140	9110/RA4	110 A.C.	+10 / -10	50 / 60	Thursday, inc. a ship	IP65	
CM2	9110/RA6	220/230 A.C.	+6 / -10	50 / 60	Three wire cable	EN 60529	
	9110/RA7	240 A.C.	+10 / -10				
	9120/RA6	220/230 A.C.	+6 / -10	50 / 60			
	9120/RD1	12 D.C.			Junction box DIN 43650	IP65	
HM3	9120/RD2	24 D.C.				EN 60529	
	9120/RD4	48 D.C.	+10 / -5	-	DIN 45050	(with junction box)	
	9120/RD6	220 RAC					
	9160/RA2	24 A.C.	10/10		lunation have	IP65 EN 60529	
	9160/RA4	110 A.C.	+10 / -10	50 / 00	Junction box DIN 43650 or	(with junction box)	
HM4	9160/RA6	220/230 A.C.	+6 / -10	50 / 60	Connector 9155/	IP65/IP68 EN 600529	
	9160/RA7	240 A.C.	+10 / -10		R01 (1)	(with connector)	
	9220/RA2	24 A.C.	40/110				
	9220/RA4	110 A.C.	+10 / -10	50 / 00			
	9220/RA6	220/230 A.C.	+6 / -10	50 / 60	Junction box	IP65	
HM6	9220/RA7	240 A.C.	+10 / -10		DIN 43650	EN 60529 (with junction box)	
	9220/RD1	12 D.C.	10/5			(
	9220/RD2	24 D.C.	+10 / -5	-			

(1) Coil HM4 can also be coupled to connectors series 9150 and 9900, achieving a degree of protection IP65. The "versatile" degree of protection (IP65/IP68) is achieved coupling coil HM4 with four screws connector 9155/R01

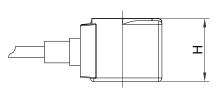


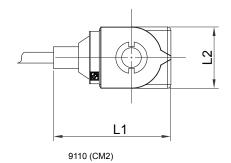
		TABLE 10:	Coils Co	onsumpt	tions, Di	mensio	ns and V	Veights					
				Con	sumption	Dimensions							
Coil type	Catalogue Number	Voltage [V]		Start			Working		Weight [g]				
	- Number	[-]	50 [Hz]	60 [Hz]	D.C.	50 [Hz]	60 [Hz]	D.C.	L ₁	L ₂	Н	[9]	
	9100/RA2	24 A.C.	920	825		527	420						
	9100/RA4	110 A.C.	230	205		128	114						
HM2	9100/RA6	220/230 A.C.	140	128	-	68	58	-	57,5	34	35	165	
	9100/RA7	240 A.C.	100	87		54	43						
	9100/RA8	380 A.C.	58	51		32	23						
	9110/RA2	24 A.C.	920	825		527	420			34	35		
0140	9110/RA4	110 A.C.	230	205		128	114	_	66,5			000	
CM2	9110/RA6	220/230 A.C.	120	105	-	68	58					230	
	9110/RA7	240 A.C.	100	87		54	43						
	9120/RA6	220/230 A.C.	190	160	-	110	80	-					
	9120/RD1	12 D.C.		-	1720			1720					
HM3	9120/RD2	24 D.C.				895			895	82	61	35	470
	9120/RD4	48 D.C.] -		460 93	-	-	460					
	9120/RD6	220 RAC						93					
	9160/RA2	24 A.C.	1490	1320		700	530						
	9160/RA4	110 A.C.	330	300		156	118			44	25	220	
HM4	9160/RA6	220/230 A.C.	162	142	-	76	57	-	63	41	35		
	9160/RA7	240 A.C.	147	130		70	53						
	9220/RA2	24 A.C.	833	700		625	525						
	9220/RA4	110 A.C.	182	153		136	115					120	
LIMC	9220/RA6	220/230 A.C.	87	73	-	65	55		50	20	20		
HM6	9220/RA7	240 A.C.	83	70		63	53		52 30	30	39		
	9220/RD1	12 D.C.			860			860					
	9220/RD2	24 D.C.	-	-	440	-	-	440					

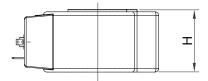


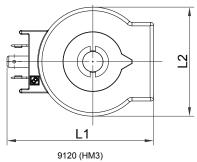


9100 (HM2)

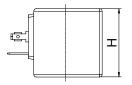


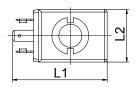




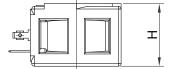


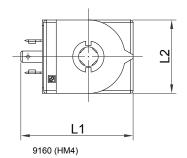


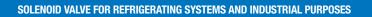




9220 (HM6)







Scaste





The junction boxes 9150, DIN 43650 standardized, represent an effective system for the connection of the coil to the supply circuit, thus ensuring safety also in the presence of moisture.

These junction boxes, according to assembly requirements, allow choosing the position of outer casing compared to inner terminal block. The gland nut of casing is suitable to receive cables with an external diameter of $6 \div 9$ mm and is provided with a self-locking device. Cables sized 3 x 0,75 mm² are to be preferred.

The junction boxes series 9900 are available with cabled core of different length. In this case, it is not possible

to change the position of casing compared to terminal block.

Both the two types offer a protection degree IP65 against dust and water, according to EN 60529, when correctly installed with the proper gaskets, which are supplied as standard.

Castel developed specific junction boxes, series 9155, suitable for use on those refrigerating systems working in heavy duty environments, for example:

- exposition to the atmospheric conditions
- rooms with high moisture degree
- cyclic condensing / evaporating on the valve
- cyclic icing / defrosting on the valve

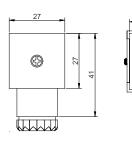
These junction boxes, according to assembly requirements, allow choosing the side position of outer casing compared to inner terminal block; but it is not possible to point the cable upwards. The gland nut of casing is suitable to receive cables with an external diameter of $6 \div 9$ mm and is provided with a self-locking device. Cables sized 3 x 0,75 mm2 are to be preferred for these junction boxes too.

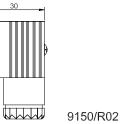
The junction boxes series 9155 offer a protection degree IP65/IP68 against dust and water, according to EN 60529, when correctly installed with the proper gaskets, which are supplied as standard.

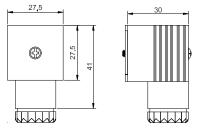
The junction box 9150/R45 is equipped with a fullwave bridge rectifier plus VDR for protection. The VDR device, Voltage e-Dependent-Resistor, is a special type of resistor, placed in parallel to the coil; its purpose is to protect the diodes and the coil from any excessive voltage generated within the ac supply circuit.

WARNING: junction box 9150/R45 must be solely used with coil 9120/RD6 (220 V RAC). The wrong use of this junction box with other types of Castel coils takes quickly to the destruction of the coil.

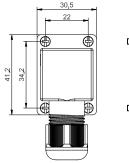
	TABLE 11: General Characteristics of connectors														
Catalogue Supply Voltage [V] Number		Supply Voltage [V]		Cable thickness [mm²]	Standard	Degree of protection	Class of insulation	Approval							
	Nominal	Maximum	. [m]	[]		protoction									
9150/R02	-	-						-							
9150/R45	220 A.C.	250 A.C.	-	-	DIN 43650			-							
9900/X66			1												
9900/X84			1,5			IP65 EN 60529	Gruppo C								
9900/X73	-	-	2	3 x 0,75	10000	00020	VDE 0110-1 /	-							
9900/X55			3				89								
9900/X54			5												
9155/R01			-	-		IP65/IP68									
9155/R02	-	-	1	3 x 0,75	-	EN 60529									

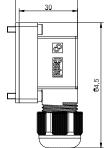






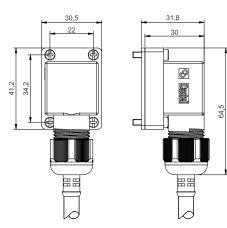
9150/R45



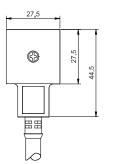


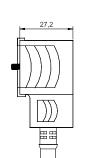
31,8

9155/R01



9155/R02





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9900/X66 9900/X84 9900/X73 9900/X55 9900/X54



NORMALLY CLOSED SOLENOID VALVES FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES



APPLICATIONS

The solenoid valves, shown in this chapter, are classified "Pressure accessories" in the sense of the Pressure Equipment Directive 94/23/EC, Article 1, Section 2.1.4 and are subject of Article 3, Section 1.3 of the same Directive.

They are designed for the applications specified in TABLE 12 where the different fluids are indicated with the following symbols, according to an already established code:

- W = Water
- L = Air
- B = Secondary coolants (solutions of glycol and water)
- 0 = Light oils (gas oil)
- In short these valves may be used:
- with fluids in the gaseous state proper to the Group II (as defined in Article 9, Section 2.2 of Directive 97/23/ EC and referred to in Directive 67/548/EEC)
- with fluids in the liquid state proper to the Group I (as defined in Article 9, Section 2.1 of Directive 97/23/CE and referred to in Directive 67/548/EEC)

OPERATION

All the solenoid valves for industrial purposes are normally closed.

NC = when the coil is de-energised the plunger stops

the fluid flow, when the coil is electrically energised the plunger opens the valve seat connecting the inlet to the outlet.

The valves series 1512 and 1522 are **direct acting**. The operation depends only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil. Opening/closing of main valve seat, the only seat, is directly controlled by the mobile plunger and the valves can open with zero pressure differential.

The valves series 1132 e 1133 are **pilot operated with diaphragm**. The operation depends not only on the magnetic field produced by the current flow into the coil but it's also necessary a minimum inlet pressure to move the diaphragm and to keep it lift off the main seat. Opening/ closing of main seat is controlled by the diaphragm while opening/closing of pilot seat is controlled by the mobile plunger. These valves cannot work with zero pressure differential.

Solenoid valves for industrial purposes are supplied either without coil (S type) or with coil (A6 type with coil 220/230 VAC).

CONSTRUCTION

The main parts of the valves are made with the following materials:

- Hot forged brass EN 12420 CW 617N for body and cover
- Austenitic stainless steel EN 10088-2 1.4303 for enclosure where the plunger moves
- Ferritic stainless steel EN 10088-3 1.4105 for plunger
- Austenitic stainless steel EN ISO 3506 A2-70 for tightening screws between body and cover
- Fluorocarbon rubber (FPM) for outlet seal gaskets, seat gasket and diaphragm

VALVE SELECTION

TABLE 12 shows the following functional characteristics of a solenoid valve:

- Connections
- PS : maximum allowable pressure
- TS: maximum / minimum allowable temperature,
- Kv : capacity factor
- minimum Opening Pressure Differential (minOPD). This
 is the minimum pressure differential between inlet and
 outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open
 and stay opened.
- Maximum Opening Pressure Differential (MOPD according to ARI STANDARD 760 : 2001). This is the maximum pressure differential between inlet and outlet at which a solenoid valve, pilot operated, can open.



CAPACITY CALCULATION

With the Kv factors, listed on TABLE 12 it is possible to calculate the flow capacity through the valve giving the accepted pressure drop, the media and the working pressure, or to check the pressure drop through the valve giving the flow capacity.

With the following formula it's possible to calculate the volumetric liquid capacity:

$$\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{K}\mathbf{v} \times \sqrt{\frac{\Delta \mathbf{p}}{\rho}}$$

If liquid is water with temperature between 5 and 30 °C and density ρ equal to 1 Kg/dm³ the formula becomes:

$$\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{K}\mathbf{v} \times \sqrt{\Delta \mathbf{p}}$$

With the following formulas it's possible to calculate the volumetric gas capacity:

if

$$\Delta p < \frac{p_1}{2} \qquad Q_n = 514 \times Kv \times \sqrt{\frac{\Delta p \times p_2}{\rho_n \times (273 + t_1)}}$$

if

$$\Delta p > \frac{p_1}{2} \qquad \qquad Q_n = 257 \times Kv \times \frac{p_1}{\sqrt{\rho_n \times (273 + t_1)}}$$

If gas is air at 20 °C and density ρ equal to 1,29 Kg/dm³ the formulas become:

if

$$\Delta p < \frac{p_1}{2} \qquad Q_n = 26,4 \times Kv \times \sqrt{\Delta p \times p_2}$$
if
$$\Delta p > \frac{p_1}{2} \qquad Q_n = 13.2 \times Kv \times p_2$$

where:

2

 $\begin{aligned} &\mathsf{Kv} = \mathsf{valve Kv factor [m^3/h]} \\ &\mathsf{Q} = \mathsf{volumetric capacity for a liquid [m^3/h]} \\ &\mathsf{Q}_n = ``normal" \mathsf{volumetric capacity for a gas at 0 °C} \\ & and 760 mm Hg [m_n^{3}/h] \\ &\mathsf{p}_1 = \mathsf{absolute pressure upstream the valve [bar abs]} \\ &\mathsf{p}_2 = \mathsf{absolute pressure downstream the valve [bar abs]} \\ &\mathsf{t}_1 = \mathsf{temperature upstream the valve [°C]} \\ & \Delta \mathsf{p} = \mathsf{pressure drop through the valve [bar]} \\ &\rho = \mathsf{liquid density [kg/dm^3]} \\ &\rho_n = ``normal" gas density at 0 °C e 760 mm Hg [Kg/m_n^{3}] \\ & \mathsf{Entering the following data in TABLE 13:} \end{aligned}$

• p, = absolute pressure upstream the valve [bar abs]

• $\Delta p = pressure drop through the valve [bar]$

It is possible to select to corresponding value of air capacity under these conditions:

- temperature upstream the valve = 20°C
- absolute pressure downstream the valve = 1 bar
- valve Kv factor = $1 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

Using example of TABLE 13: Select the valve suitable for use with approximately 200 m³/h of air, assuming an absolute pressure of 8 bars at valve inlet (= 7 bars of relative pressure + 1 bar) and an acceptable pressure drop across the valve of 1.5 bars.

Intersecting the column $p_1 = 8$ bar abs with the line $\Delta p = 1,5$ bar you can find a capacity value equal to 87 m³/h. This is the capacity value of a hypothetical valve with kv = 1, working under the above mentioned conditions. The ratio 200 / 87 = 2,29 m³/h is the kv value required in the case under consideration. In TABLE 12 select the valve with the kv value nearest to 2,29, rounding off the value and subsequently checking that all the characteristics of the selected valve (max. opening pressure differential, temperature, connections, etc.) are suitable.

VISCOSITY

The values of MOPD, maximum opening pressure differential, specified in TABLE 12 are suitable for fluids with maximum cinematic viscosity of 12 cSt, where:

$$1cSt = 10^{-6} m^2/sec$$

If the cinematic viscosity of the fluid under consideration is more than 12 cSt it is necessary to multiply the value of the maximum differential pressure by the following reducing factors:

Cinematic viscosity cSt	Reducing factors
12	1
12/30	0,8
30/45	0,7

When the viscosity of the liquid is expressed as dynamic viscosity, i.e. cP, where:

$$1cP = 10^{-3} N sec/m^2$$
.

the corresponding value of cinematic viscosity in cSt is obtained by the following relation:

$$v = \frac{\mu}{\rho}$$

where:

v = cinematic viscosity [cSt]

 $\mu = dynamic viscosity [cP]$

ρ = volumetric mass of the fluid at the considered temperature [kg/dm³]

TABLE 14 shows the approximate equivalences among the most common viscosity units of measure at the same temperature. Moreover, the fluid viscosity may remarkably vary according to changes in temperature. Therefore, if the temperature of the fluid does not ensure viscosity values compatible with the correct operation of the valve, the valve may not open.

INSTALLATION

Before installation check that the valve model meets the application requirements and check that the flow direction in the pipe corresponds to the arrow stamped on the body of the valve.

Make sure that the pipes are clean, if possible fitting a filter before the valve; avoid the ingress of foreign matter inside the valve or that sealing materials (tape, jointing paste, etc) can obstruct the internal seats or pilot holes (servo operated valves).

Connect the valve to the pipes applying the wrench only to the specific surfaces on the body; don't use the coil or the plunger enclosure as lever arm.

The valves can be mounted in whatever position except

with the coil pointing downwards; however it is advisable to mount the coil above the horizontal position in order to avoid the eventual precipitation of impurities inside the enclosure. When connecting with flexible pipes, fix the valve using the specific holes provided in the body.

Before connecting a valve to the electrical system, be sure that the line voltage and frequency correspond to the values marked on the coil, the direct current valves don't require a fixed polarity. To help heat dissipation of the coil put valve in a ventilated environment away from any other heat source. It's possible that the coil working temperature could, in conjunction with ambient and fluid temperatures, cause burns. It's recommended an appropriate protection of the coil from water and humidity.

N.B. : Industrial purpose solenoid valves can be used solely with coils series 9220 (coil type HM6). The other Industrial purpose solenoid valves can be used with all Castel coils except coils series 9220.

				TABLE	12: Gene	ral Cha	aracteristics										
Catalogue	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Media	FPT	Seat Size nominal Ø [mm]	Kv Factor [m³/h]	Operating	Opening Pressure Differential [bar]		TS [°C]		PS	Risk Category				
Number Type			Connections	Principles			min OPD	MOPD (HM2 AC) HM6 AC)	min.	max.	[bar]	according to PED					
1512/01		FPM					W.L.O. G 1/8" 1,5 0,070		30								
1522/02					G 1/4"			Direct	0								
1522/03	HM2 (A.C.)						W.O.	G 3/8"	4,5	0,40	Acting	4	4			30	
1522/04	CM2 (A.C.) HM3									G 1/2"						-15	+130
1132/03	(A.C.; D.C.)			G 3/8"	10.5	2,6	-	0.1	17	-15	+130		4.4.0.0				
1132/04	HM4 (A.C.)	FFIVI		G 1/2"	12,5	2,7		0,1					Art. 3.3				
1132/06			W.L.OB.	G 3/4"	20	5,50	Diaphragm	0.15	12			15					
1132/08			W.L.UB.	G 1"	20	6,00	Pilot Operated	0,15	12			15					
1133/010V370	HMG				G 1.1/4"	07	18		0.15	10	10	. 120	25				
1133/012V370	HM6			G 1.1/2"	37	21		0,15	10	-10	+130	25					

	TABLE 13: Air Capacity [m_ ³ /h] (1)																							
Pressure Drop											Inlet	pressu	re [bar	abs]										
[bar]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1,500	1,250	1,150	1,100	1,050	1,025	1,015
0,0025																					1,38	1,35	1,33	1,33
0,005																				2,00	1,95	1,91	1,89	1,88
0,010																			2,94	2,82	2,76	2,69	2,66	2,65
0,015																		3,94	3,59	3,44	3,37	3,29	3,25	3,23
0,025																	5,9	5,07	4,62	4,43	4,33	4,23	4,17	
0,05																10,1	8,2	7,11	6,47	6,19	6,05	5,90		
0,1	35,3	34,3	33,3	32,2	31,1	30,0	28,8	27,6	26,3	24,9	23,5	21,9	20,3	18,5	16,5	14,2	11,5	9,88	8,95	8,55	8,35			
0,15	43,2	42,0	40,7	39,4	38,1	36,7	35,2	33,7	32,1	30,4	28,6	26,8	24,7	22,5	20,1	17,3	13,9	11,88	10,72	10,22				
0,25	55,6	54,0	52,4	50,7	48,9	47,1	45,2	43,3	41,2	39,0	36,7	34,3	31,7	28,8	25,6	21,9	17,5	14,76	13,20					
0,5	78,1	75,8	73,5	71,1	68,6	66,0	63,3	60,5	57,5	54,4	51,1	47,6	43,8	39,6	34,9	29,5	22,9	18,67						
1	108,8	105,6	102,2	98,8	95,2	91,5	87,6	83,5	79,2	74,7	69,8	64,7	59,0	52,8	45,7	37,3	26,4							
1,5	131,3	127,3	123,1	118,8	114,3	109,6	104,8	99,7	94,3	88,5	82,4	75,8	68,6	60,5	51,1	39,6								
2	149,3	144,6	139,7	134,6	129,3	123,8	118,1	112,0	105,6	98,8	91,5	83,5	74,7	64,7	52,8									
2,5	164,3	158,9	153,4	147,6	141,6	135,3	128,7	121,7	114,3	106,4	97,9	88,5	78,1	66,0										
3	177,1	171,1	164,9	158,4	151,7	144,6	137,2	129,3	121,0	112,0	102,2	91,5	79,2											
3,5	188,1	181,5	174,6	167,5	160,0	152,2	144,0	135,3	125,9	115,8	104,8	92,4												
4	197,6	190,4	182,9	175,1	167,0	158,4	149,3	139,7	129,3	118,1	105,6													
4,5	205,8	198,0	189,9	181,5	172,6	163,3	153,4	142,8	131,3	118,8														
5	212,8	204,5	195,8	186,7	177,1	167,0	156,2	144,6	132,0															
5,5	218,9	210,0	200,6	190,8	180,5	169,6	157,8	145,2																
6	224,0	214,5	204,5	194,0	182,9	171,1	158,4																	
6,5	228,2	218,1	207,5	196,2	184,3	171,6																		
7	231,7	220,9	209,5	197,6	184,8																			
7,5	234,3	222,8	210,8	198,0																				
8	236,1	224,0	211,2																					
8,5	237,2	224,4																						
9	237,6																							

(1) The table provides air capacity values in m³/h under the following conditions: - temperature at valve inlet: + 20°C

- pressure at outlet (absolute): 1 bar

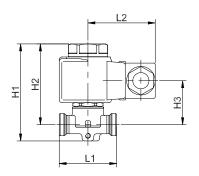
- Kv of the solenoid valve: 1 m3/h



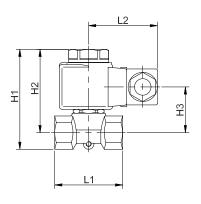
	TABLE 14: Viscosity equivalence											
Cinematic Viscosity [cSt] or [mm²/s]	Engler Degree [°E]	Saybolt Universal Seconds [Ssu]	Seconds Redwood N.1 [SRW N.1]									
1	1	-	-									
2	1,1	32,7	31									
3	1,2	36	33,5									
4	1,3	39	36									
5	1,4	42,5	38,5									
7	1,5	49	44									
10	1,8	59	52									
15	2,3	77,5	68									
20	2,9	98	86									
25	3,4	119	105									
30	4	140	120									
35	4,7	164	145									
40	5,3	186	165									
50	6,6	232	205									
60	8	278	245									
70	9,2	324	286									
80	10,5	370	327									
90	12	415	370									
100	13	465	410									

	TABLE 15: Dimensions and Weights (valves with 9100 coils)													
Catalogue														
Number	H ₁	H ₁ H ₂ H ₃		L ₁	L ₂	Q	Weight [g]							
1512/01	75	62	34	44		-	310							
1522/02					50		385							
1522/03	76	63	36	51	50	-	370							
1522/04							355							
1132/03	91	75	47	75		4.5	670							
1132/04	91	75		75	50	45	635							
1132/06	101	01		00	50	F7	960							
1132/08	101	81	52	88		57	670							
1133/010N370	100	133 105 8-		140	50	100	3200							
1133/012N370	133			142	52	102	2900							

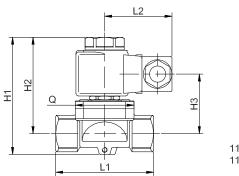
With coil $\,$ 9120 the dimension L2 is equal to 64 mm and the $\,$ weights must $\,$ be increased of 305 g. Connectors are not included in the boxes and have to be ordered separately



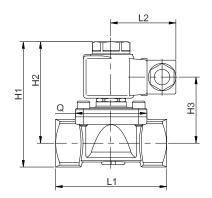
1512/01



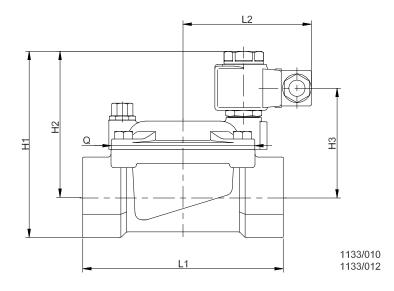
1522/02 1522/03 1522/04



1132/03 1132/04



1132/06 1132/08





PERMANENT MAGNET

APPLICATION

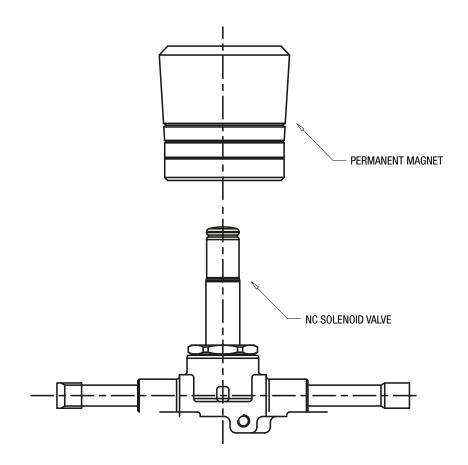
Castel supplies to its customers the permanent magnet code 9900/X91 for the normally closed solenoid valves, shown in this chapter.

This product can be used during brazing of the valve copper connections to the plant pipes; slipping it on the armature, instead of the coil, it allows the protective gas (nitrogen) flowing and avoids any damage to the plunger gasket and to the diaphragm.

CONSTRUCTION

The main parts of the permanent magnet code 9900/X91 are made with the following materials:

- three rings of anisotropic ferrite
- anodized aluminum for the body



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